Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. V.] THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1805. [No. 1377.

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM
In hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Bandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.——ALSO,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Ruffels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Dec. 20.

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10 pipes well flavor'd Holland Gin,
60 casks Dutch Linseed Oil,
2 bales German Ticklenburgh
1 case Britannias,
1 do. Platillas Royal,
Just Imported from Rotterdam,
In the brig Nancy, Spalding,
AND FOR SALE BY
J. & T. Vowell,
WHO HAVE IN STORE,
A few pipes old Madeira Wine, fit for immediate use,
Three hhds. old Grenada Rum,
Three casks Clover Seed,
Ten pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy.
☞ *Cash given for Otter and Mink Skins.*

April 25. d

JAMES SANDERSON
Has received, in addition to his late general supplies, which he will sell, by the quantity, very low, and on liberal credit;
10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Brandy.
14 puncheons second proof Antigua Rum.
20 barrels New England ditto.
5 pipes particular Teneriffe Wine.
12 half pipes do. do. do.
25 cases claret, 2 and half dozen in each.
9 boxes best London Mustard, 15 dozen each.
6 do. do. Double Gloucester Cheese.
20 hogsheads Black Quart Bottles.
ALSO,
28 hogsheads Virginia TOBACCO now in store.

May 31.

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE,
69 barrels prime pork,
12 barrels pease, suitable for the West-India market.
Wm. HODGSON.

July 3. d.

This day is Published,
And for Sale at ROBERT GRAY'S *Bookstore, and* THIS OFFICE,
(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.)
AN ABSTRACT
OF AN
APOLOGY,
For Renouncing the Jurisdiction
OF THE
SYNOD OF KENTUCKY.
BEING
A Compendious View of the GOSPEL,
AND A FEW REMARKS ON THE
CONFESSION OF FAITH.
By Robert Marshall, John Dunlavy, Richard M'Nemar, Barton W. Stone, John Thompson.

May 2.

☞ A few Copies of the *American Gardener*, for sale by Robert Gray, in King-street.

St. Vincents Rum,
Muscovado Sugar, and
Spanish Hides,
FOR SALE BY
Benjamin Shreve, jun.

August 5. d

TO LET,
A NEAT WELL FINISHED
TWO STORY HOUSE,
On St. Asaph-street, nearly opposite Abraham Faw's office—apply to
Hewes & Miller.

August 2. d

THE SUBSCRIBER,
AT HIS GROCERY STORE,
King near Washington Street,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
FROM PHILADELPHIA, &c. &c.
—A SUPPLY OF—
Fresh teas, particularly selected,
6000 lbs. green coffee,
14 hhds. St. Croix and St. Martins sugar,
New York and Philadelphia, loaf and lump sugars.
Old 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
Do. 2d and 3d proof St. Croix rum,
Cognac brandy,
Holland gin,
Whiskey and
New England rum,
Choice old Madeira, } WINES.
Sherry,
Lisbon,
Teneriffe,
Malaga and
Port,
Claret, in cases,
20 Boxes fresh muscatel raisins,
Very best chocolate,
Dixon's best mustard,
Salad oil, &c.
With a general assortment of groceries as usual.
The whole of which are of a superior quality, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

JAMES BACON.

May 14. d

LAWRASON & FOWLE
Have just received, by the brig Harmony, Robert B. Hall, master, from Boston.
3 bales best Beerboon Gurrahs
3 do. Sewing Twine
2 chests Young Hyson } FRESH TEAS.
5 do. Imperial }
20 boxes best Spanish Segars
2 pipes first quality Cognac Brandy
40 barrels N. E. Rum
5 hhds. retailing Molasses
7 barrels Sperm. Oil
a few boxes Sperm. Candles
40 boxes brown Soap
And a quantity of Plaster Paris.

July 6. d

WILLIAM OXLEY
HAS ON HAND,
Which he will dispose of on terms advantageous to the purchasers, for cash or notes,
The following Articles, viz.
Superfine and second cloths
Kerseymeres and swandowns
Bearskins and fearnoughts
Durants and callimancoes
Bombazets and wildbores
Common and boil'd camblets
Silk, cotton, and worsted hosiery
English extra long silk gloves
Silk twist and thread
Diaper and common tapes
Paper and pound pins
White and printed marseilles
Laces, edgings and gimps
Elegant black and white lace veils
Patent do. do.
Satin peelong and silk handkerchiefs
4-4, 9-8, and 6-4 Cambrick muslins
India Jaconet do.
Fustians, buckram, &c. &c.
ALSO,
A few bales of Negro Caddies, and one trunk silk and cotton slings.

January 7.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having claims against the Brigs *John* and *Enterprize*, and Schooner *Young Lyon*, are hereby notified and requested to bring them in, to the subscriber, within thirty days from this date.

James Patton.

August 20. dt20thSept

For Charleston (S. C.)

The new, fast sailing schooner
ENTERPRIZE,
Now lying at *Merchants* wharf; Has elegant accommodations for passengers, will take freight for the above port immediately. For terms apply to
SAMUEL ELLIS,
Master on board.

Aue 19. d3tco2t

The Subscriber
Wishes to RENT *or* SELL, *the following Property, on King-street, viz.*
THE CORNER STORE, lately occupied by himself—the stand is equal to any in town for a retail store, and will be rented very cheap. Also, the HOUSE lately occupied by Doctor *Hall*; the house is very convenient and in good repair—this also will be rented a bargain if applied for immediately, For terms, apply to
THOMAS RICHARDS,
or in his absence to Mrs. *Huston*, living on the premises.

August 8. dtf

BEEF AND PORK.
We have just received, prime and mess Beef, in barrels and half barrels; prime Pork, in barrels and half barrels—all of excellent quality.
Hewes & Miller.

June 24. d

Mill Stones & Boulting-Cloths.
We want to buy one pair of 4 or 4 and an half feet Cologne Mill-Stones.—We have one pair of 6 feet Burr Mill-Stones for sale: Also, five hundred dollars worth of Boulting-Cloths; which will be sold a bargain, to any body who will take the whole of them.
Hewes & Miller.

June 20. d

The subscribers have just received, by the Packet, from Norfolk,
30 barrels prime Beef,
20 do. Pork.
Lawrason & Fowle.

June 24. d

For Sale, on liberal Credit,
90 hogsheads
South Potomac Tobacco,
Now in store——*Also,*
4 do. Rappahannock;
Suitable for the West-India market.
James Sanderson.

June 20. d

FOR SALE.
20 puncheons Jamaica RUM,
LAST YEAR'S CROP,
Just received and for Sale on reasonable terms.
John & Thos. Vowell.

May 9.

TUNIS CRAVEN,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
An elegant assortment of goods, selected from the latest importations, in Philadelphia and Baltimore.
—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Superfine cloths and cassimeres,	coloured cambricks,
Cotton cassimeres,	Dimities,
White and coloured jeans, nankeens and fustians,	6-4 9-8, Cambrick muslins,
Long and short nankeens,	India, book, jaconet and mull mull, muslins,
Blue do.	Colonade and crossbarred striped cambrick ditto,
White and coloured marseilles,	Lace,
Waistcoating,	6-4, Lace shawls,
4-4 7-8, Irish linens, long lawns,	Long ditto,
4-4 7-8, Shirting cotton,	Super brocaded do.
Irish and Flanders sheeting,	English and French silk gloves.
Plattillas,	Kid ditto,
Brittanias,	Pic nic mitts,
Silesias,	English split straw bonnets,
Silk, cotton and thread hosiery,	Madrass and bandanna handkerchiefs,
Diaper table cloths,	Bastas,
Napkins,	Mammodies,
Chintz callicoes and	Gurrahs, &c. &c.

All of which he has determined to sell at the most reduced prices.

May 26.

Wanted to Purchase,
50 *well seasoned Locust or Cedar Posts, and* 250 *stout Chesnut RAILS.*
Apply to the Printer.

Aug 19. d.

FOR SALE,
100 barrels prime Beef,
60 do. Pork,
5 hhds. and bbls. continental Rum,
4 hhds. Molasses,
2 butts real Holland Gin,
12 casks black eyed Peas,
300 sacks Liverpool fine Salt,
20 boxes Raisins,
1 half pipe and 2 qr. casks London Particular Madeira,
6000 lbs. Coffee,
8 cases felt Hats assorted, suitable to the St. Domingo Market,
50 barrels prime Herrings.
WILLIAM HODGSON.

July 30. d

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE, BY
JOHN G. LADD,
A few barrels black Varnish,
do. Pitch,
100 barrels Boston Beef,
50 kegs Raisins
Soap and Candles, in boxes,
100 lbs. Nutmeg and Cloves,
New Rum, in hogsheads and barrels,
Three bales Russia brown Sheetings,
A parcel of Blocks, Mast-Hoops, Pumps, &c.

July 15. d

WANTED TO PURCHASE,
About 30,000
White Oak Hogshead & Barrel Staves,
Of good quality: *Also,*
A few squared Logs of Walnut.
Wm. HODGSON.

July 5. d

SUGARS.
Seventy hhds. and Twenty-two bbls. } MUSCOVADO SUGAR,
Thirty one bags Cocoa, received by sloop Diana, from Martinico—for sale on reasonable terms by
John & Thos. Vowell.
WHO HAVE ON HAND
Holland Gin of excellent flavor in Pipes,
Fourth proof Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Liverpool Fine Salt,
1000 bushels Indian Corn,
1200 do. black-eyed Peas, in good shipping order,

July 6.

STOLEN,
ABOUT a fortnight ago, TWO SILVER DESERT SPOONS, London make; the letter H engraved on the handles. Whoever can give information by which the Spoons can be recovered, shall receive a reasonable reward, and the full value paid for the detection of the thief.
Apply to the Printer.

July 17.

TO RENT,
A convenient two-story Brick-house on Wilkes street, opposite Capt. *George Slacum's*—For terms apply to,
John C. Vowell.

July 6. d

Mackarel & Whiskey.
110 barrels of MACKAREL just received, per schooner Hiram, from Rhode-Island:
ALSO,
35 barrels strong proof RYE WHISKEY—and
30 kegs manufactured James-River TOBACCO, warranted good. These articles will be sold low. Apply to
John & Thomas Vowell.

July 16. d

NOTICE.
The subscriber, administrator to the estate and effects of *Eugene Healy*, deceased, requests all persons who have claims against the estate, to bring them forward, legally authenticated, for settlement; and those indebted will please to make immediate payment.
William Oxley.

August 14. d

The following Vision, altho' seen on the other side of the Atlantic, may, nevertheless prove consolatory to the *ancient Tobbies* on this, and serve in some measure to mitigate these horrors of a future existence which induce them "on earth to prefer *three brats* at a birth than in hell to be leaders of *apes*.

AN OLD MAID'S DREAM.

To the Editor of the Scots Magazine.

SIR,

I am one of these antiquated and helpless animals commonly called an Old Maid. Before entering on my dream, it may be necessary to give you the outlines of my history, which I shall do very briefly.

I am descended of a respectable family, and being the name daughter and favorite of an old maiden aunt, at her decease she left me her whole property, amounting to 12,000l. This, with a tolerable share of personal and mental accomplishments, soon brought a crowd of admirers about me, and at the age of eighteen I was the toast of the town.

The first who paid his addresses to me was Esculapius Clysterpipes, a physician, who had scraped together some money in the West Indies. Things went on swimmingly till the marriage contract came to be drawn out, and other preliminaries adjusted. I had frequently heard him throw out hints respecting my 12,000l. and tho't it was now high time to inform him, I was only possessed of 2000l. having shared my legacy equally with my other sisters. He seemed thunderstruck at the intelligence, but recovered himself so far as to tell me he would call on me to-morrow, but that morrow has not yet arrived, though sixty years have intervened.

My next suiter was Timothy Rackrent, a neighboring heritor, whose estate was deeply mortgaged, and which he hoped to redeem by espousing my 12,000l. To make a long tale short, he split on the same rock Esculapius had done, and so there was an end to the matter.

My third and last wooer was Boanerges Blunderbuss, an officer of marines. He was the most furious and ardent of all my lovers, and had I not consented almost at first sight to become his bone and his flesh, I verily believe he would have carried the citadel by storm. Matters having come to this length, I thought myself justified in acquainting him with the extent of my fortune, on which he started up, and exclaimed, "Egad, madam, you have ruined me; 2,000l. won't do my business, but I have as much in my pocket as will do." Having ended this exclamation, he left me with the greatest sang froid imaginable and walking into an adjoining field, very deliberately blew his brains out. The cause of this catastrophe was not long a mystery, for the very next week Mordecai cent. per cent. came down from London with a bond of the captain's for 10,000l. and was very much mortified that the marriage had not taken place. He was obliged, however, to content himself with the effects of the deceased, which consisted of his regimental suit, an old sword, two shirts, a pair of velve breeches jammed, & an old big coat which had been twice turned, with some other minutiæ too trifling to deserve notice.

Having had such a flagrant and repeated proof, of the perfidy of mankind, I now seriously resolved to die a maid. I am long since proof against the invectives of mankind, and when asked if I recollect the mirk-Monday, the windy Saturday, the battle of the Boyne, &c. &c. it does not give me the smallest uneasiness.

The only thing which has ruffled my temper these forty years was a distant relation of mine, who told me a week ago, "I would lead apes in hell." Though this sarcasm has been cast in my teeth an hundred times before, I do not recollect that ever it made so deep an impression, and on my falling asleep, in all probability it occasioned the following dream:

Methought I was transported to the infernal regions, and safely ferryed over the river Styx. On the other side, a scoundrel looking fellow, very like a messenger at arms, took me into his custody, and conducted me to the tribunal of Rhadamanthus. The good old gentleman questioned me very particularly, how I had spent my time in the world, and was so well satisfied with the candour and fidelity of my answers, that he ordered the keeper of Erebus to conduct me to Elysium. We had proceeded only a few steps, when Rhadamanthus called me back, and questioned me whether I had any lovers in the world as I had not had a husband. I here told him the particulars of Clysterpipes, Rackrent, and Blunderbuss, as before narrated.—Very well, madam, says he, you must lead apes in hell. I was so thunderstruck at these words, that I was ready to drop down, when the keeper put his arm under mine, half dragged, and half carried me out of the court; and in a few minutes brought me to a large building with an iron door, very much resembling a prison. He went in, and returned immediately, with an iron chain in his hand, which he made me take hold of, and bade me move briskly forward. I began my march as directed, but wishing much to see what kind of apes hell produced, I peeped over my shoulder in order to satisfy my curiosity. But, Oh! Mr. Editor, what was my surprise, when I found I got my three quondam sweethearts in tow. The chain which I had in my hand was twenty feet long, and towards the farther extremity divided into three distinct chains, with each a hook annexed to it. These three hooks were fixed through the three noses of the gentlemen aforesaid. I could not but reflect on the droll figure they made. Clysterpipes had a set of surgical instruments in one hand, and a necessary utensil full of medicines in the other. Rackrent had in his right hand a receipt for making tenants subsist on yams and pease straw; and in his left, an empty purse as large and long as the pantaloons of a Hessian hussar.—Blunderbuss had on one shoulder a bomb-ketch, and the other a penny-worth of bread and onions, with a label on his breast, "I am my country's pride and defence, d——n me." As my antipathies against this worthy triumvirate had long since subsided, I was going to condole with them on their unhappy situation. But no sooner did they recognize me, than all gave a sudden and involuntary spring backward, and I not having time or presence of mind to let go the chain, the noses of all three were torn in the most deplorable manner. The exquisite pain made them set up such a hideous roar, as alarmed all hell and I awoke in the utmost horror and perturbation.

It was a considerable time before I could believe myself to be an inhabitant of this world, but the return of day, and three different calls to breakfast at last convinced me. When I joined the family, breakfast was half over. The gentleman who had insulted me the day before, asked me what had detained me so long? I replied, I had been leading apes in hell. The company desired me to explain myself; when I told them my last night's dream. During the narration, foresaid the gentleman turned pale as death; but whether from compunction at his insolence to me the day before, or from fear of being led by the nose, by some injured female, in the world to come, I could not tell though I think the last most probable.

I would not have such another dream for all the apes on this, or the other side Styx. But terrible as it was, it has been productive of some advantage, in as much as it has explained the mysterious doctrine of ape leading, and given us to understand who the apes are. As it may be of importance to the whole antiquated sisterhood, to be acquainted with this fact, I request you will give my dream a place in your Magazine, and in return, I promise to exert my utmost influence, to keep the promontory of your face unmolested in the world to come.

I am,
Sir,
Yours,
With the
Profoundest esteem
and respect,
PENELOPE SKINFLINT.

Dianaburgh, Platonic-Court, 28th January 1805.

From the Boston Repertory.

Since Mr. Jefferson's accession to the empire (for the Chronicle, perhaps to reconcile our ears to the sound, says, he has gained the *empire of opinion*) the jacobins have taken pains to represent the federalists as an OPPOSITION. They wish to hide their own bad character and bad designs by cloaking all that they do, and that is said of their doing, under the old broad party mantle in England. The *ins* never are right in the opinion of the *outs*.

There is no resemblance between the two cases, and no truth in the representation. The tendency of jacobinism is to confusion, and through confusion to something more solid and compulsory than the *empire of opinion*. The actual possession of the offices of government does not change their character or retard the execution of their plans. It did not in France. On the contrary, to be *in* only enables them the surer and the sooner to have government and constitution *down*, and their directory first, then their consul and emperor UP. Thus it is, that the federalists are not a mere opposition, as the jacobins pretend, but the honest, able and satisfied classes of the society, who feel the want of protection, and who uphold the established government that they may have it. Let who will be *in*, they want law and right to prevail, and the jacobins, whose views are directed against society, and law, and rights, have a natural and unchangeable vehemence of desire to subvert all these, till their own will is the only law. This they have done in France, and now they are *in* here, they have the most sanguine hopes of effecting it in America. This is what the federalists are trying to hinder.

How much effect political truth has, I will not pretend to say. If it could be displayed with the sun's own splendor in June, till it not only enlightens but blisters every head, yet if it did not shine as if it were high noon from its rising to its sitting at night, nay, if it should set at all, if it did not shine all night, party would be blinder for its rays. None are so blind, says the proverb, as those who will not see.

Now if this were not the case, if the jacobins did not resist evidence because they have an interest in deception, it would be of some use to turn the principles and conduct of the federalists and jacobins to their respective sources, and to exhibit a concise view of their transactions while in power. This, however, would require too much labor, and command when done, too little attention to compensate the toil of so much thought and writing.

Yet we may just say, actions speak louder than words. Do the federalists in fact *oppose* your Jacobin government? when you would destroy the constitution under the name of amending it, when without even a cloak for the mischief, you would destroy the judiciary, the federalists did indeed oppose you. They ever will. But do they form an *opposition* when the proper business of government is to be done?—This you will say is a vague and indeterminate question. To bring it to a closer test, then, advert to the known conduct of an English opposition, once your model, because you habitually like any thing and any body that embarrasses and hates an orderly government. The English opposition hangs heavily upon the skirts of a minister till he finds his strength exhausted, till the administration grows unmanageable in his hands, and the sovereign, in order to carry on the government is obliged to form a new ministry. The Foxes, and Greys and Burditts, oppose every measure till they bring affairs to a stand. Now has this been the course of the federalists? To raise taxes, to equip fleets to levy armies, are the odious works of any set of rulers. Do the federalists avow a hatred of these, do they hinder you in this unpopular work? No, on the contrary, they defer party clamor on these subjects, and constantly urge you to be bold in affording protection to our navigation, they oppose the repeal of taxes which you are by this time sorry for repealing. Is this then an *opposition?*

If this be an opposition, it is certainly unlike Mr Fox's; it is unlike your own from 1789 to 1801. The federalists had a paper constitution to set up and establish in practice. They had force, revenue, courts and laws, to provide. Every thing was to be created, and you, jacobins, obstructed their works as much as you could. You then endeavored to leave the government as it was when the Confederation was in force, and to have justice and revenue, and public credit and public debt, in the hands of the states. That is to say, you would have suspended the new constitution & gone on just as if it had never been adopted. Since you came into power, your plan has been to restore the old Confederation in practice and in effect, so that Virginia might not see a superior above, nor an equal near her, who would or could oppose her sovereign will.

This delineation of parties will be objected to as springing from the pride a federalist indulges towards his own party and his hatred for the other party.

But when has it happened in the world, that parties in a very free republic were ever any otherwise to be classed. In Greece, the mere rabble adhered to the Cleons and Jeffersons of that day, and they speedily subverted the public liberty. The Aristides, and Phocions and Washingtons of old were the federalists of Greece who foresaw, foretold and deplored the hastening ruin of the public liberty, but who were persecuted, banished, fined or slain for being aristocrats and enemies of the people. Things that happen so uniformly are not the product of intrigue or accident, but of the laws of human nature, which operate steadily and ordain, and fate has sealed the decree, that the liberties of every free people are to be destroyed by their favorites and flatterers. Venit in elvetabile tempus.

FROM THE *Boston Gazette.*

As was foretold by the Federalists, the progress of democracy among us is marked by the same kind of circumstances which attended it in France a few years since. In the states of New-York and Pennsylvania, the *sea* is *most tempestuous* at present. It is scarcely eighteen months since the united strength of the Livingston and Clinton parties, was exerted in opposition to Col. Burr for Governor of New-York. Burr's partizans denounced the two families and their adherents as dangerous to liberty, and they denounced him and his friends as unprincipled office-keepers.—Burr was defeated, and one of the Livingston family elected; and now the Clintonians have found out that the Livingstons are rank tories and aristocrats. A violent warfare is carrying on between them—*social intercourse has lost all its harmony*—all many truths are told by them of each other. In Pennsylvania, Duane issues his denunciations and orders, just as his prototype Marat did. He has discovered that Doctor Logan, the self-appointed envoy, or rather the secret messenger of Mr. Jefferson, and A. J. Dallas, were both old tories; that one was in England, the other at Jamaica while we were fighting the battles of freedom; that governor M'Kean's conduct for thirty years has been distinguished by his violence; that his excellency is fond of his bottle; and that he with his whole party, have all along endeavored to pull down whomsoever stood in their way.

Duane has hitherto kept up appearances with Jefferson. But a late publication in the Aurora, leads us to believe it will soon be put to the test, whether somebody is not greater than '*the greatest man in America.*' A Mr. William Davy has lately been appointed '*Purveyor of Indian Supplies*' which is said to be a very lucrative office, and desired by a number of the '*Friends to the People.*' Duane abuses this appointment, but seems loth just yet to break with Jefferson. We think however we can clearly perceive that the seeds of separation are sown between those, '*distinguished patriots,*' Duane says. 'We have the most *respectable authority* to vouch for, that the appointment of Mr. Davy was made not by the President, but during his absence from the seat of government.' 'We have all along found our situation a delicate one with regard to the executive magistrate.' Every man must know how liable *the chief* magistrate is to be imposed upon, if those in whom he confides for information in different parts of the States, sacrifice every principle of honor and confidence, to the gratification of their own private views; to the promotion of their local ambition—to the pulling down of all, who are not obedient; and to the promotion of all who are servile tools to their ambition. In the present instance, we have reason to believe that the secretary at war was imposed upon by the united *forces* of Mr. Dallas, Dr. Logan, aided by another gentleman who goes all lengths with Mr. Dallas.'

This is the picture of the democrats drawn by one of themselves; we think it a just one; and we further predict that within a year, Duane will tell as many pretty stories about Mister Jefferson, as Callender did.

But we would ask what clause in the constitution gives a secretary at *war*, authority to fill so important an office, as 'Purveyor of Supplies,' an office which Duane assures, us (and Duane knows the value of offices,) is worth more in *Rino*, than that of the President of the United States? For the present we shall leave this question to be settled between Duane, Dearborn and Jefferson. At another time we may make some further remarks upon the subject.

JOHN TUCKER

Has For sale 70hhds. & 100 barrels *St. Martin's Sugar,*
Intitl'd to debenture certificates—also 600 bushels
Coarse Salt, and Groceries as usual.
Aug. 21 3tawsw.

An Overseer wanted.

I WILL give liberal wages to a young man acquainted with FARMING, who can (from respectable fources) bring vouchers for character. Application may be made me at the place or at my farm two miles from Centreville, if dont'd the courfe of a few weeks.
THOMAS BLACKBURN, *jun.*
Rippon Lodge, Augu 7. 2awsw

NORFOLK, August
Yesterday arrived here from
a small port in Cuba) the ship
Evans, of this port.
The capture, plunder, and
his ship and cargo, says a le
respectable character in Cuba,
you some idea of the abuses
tions upon our trade in this is
are beyond conception, and no
have a just idea of them, wi
here."
We have had the perusal
Evans's protest made before th
consul at Havanna, of which t
is a short sketch, and in whi
seen that it is not the lawless
of pirates, that are complained
acts of the officers of the Spa
ment, from the chief to the lo
The Eliza was captured on
ruary, in prosecution of a
Jamaica, to this port, the capt
of the crew were put on sho
uninhabited island, from whe
to Havanna, after experiencing
ships, and being exposed to t
perishing for want of food.
the remainder of the crew we
the above mentioned port of
A few days after captain
Havanna he met the person
onboard his ship as prize mas
son informed, that the master
teer, convinced that the ship
made a prize, had, to avoid
gone off; and that the ship
sion of some Frenchmen an
The prize-master, at the sam
up to captain Evans the ship
were in his possession.
Upon this information,
presented a memorial to the
ral of the Island, in which
case, and prayed that he mig
der for the restitution of his
go. To this memorial, no
given. In a few days after
presented another memorial
general, in which he recapitu
ject of his former, and state
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NORFOLK, August 16.

Yesterday arrived here from Batavano (a small port in Cuba) the ship Eliza, capt. Evans, of this port.

The capture, plunder, and detention of this ship and cargo, says a letter from a respectable character in Cuba, "will give you some idea of the abuses and impositions upon our trade in this island, which are beyond conception, and no person can have a just idea of them, without being here."

We have had the perusal of captain Evans's protest made before the American consul at Havanna, of which the following is a short sketch, and in which it will be seen that it is not the lawless depredations of pirates, that are complained of, but the acts of the officers of the Spanish government, from the chief to the lowest.

The Eliza was captured on the 27th February, in prosecution of a voyage from Jamaica, to this port, the captain and part of the crew were put on shore, upon an uninhabited island, from whence they got to Havanna, after experiencing many hardships, and being exposed to the danger of perishing for want of food. The ship and the remainder of the crew were taken into the above mentioned port of Batavano.

A few days after captain Evans got to Havanna he met the person who was put onboard his ship as prize master; this person informed, that the master of the privateer, convinced that the ship could not be made a prize, had, to avoid prosecution, gone off; and that the ship was in possession of some Frenchmen and Spaniards. The prize-master, at the same time, gave up to captain Evans the ship's papers that were in his possession.

Upon this information, captain Evans presented a memorial to the captain-general of the Island, in which he stated his case, and prayed that he might have an order for the restitution of his vessel and cargo. To this memorial, no answer was given. In a few days after, capt. Evans presented another memorial to the captain-general, in which he recapitulated the subject of his former, and stated in addition, that the part of the crew which had been detained on board the ship, were confined as prisoners, and were suffering for necessaries; that the vessel and cargo were daily plundered, and the whole would in a short time be lost. To this memorial, no answer was given. Upon this capt. Evans proceeded to Batavano, where he was fully informed of the sufferings of his people, and the depredations on the vessel and cargo. No sooner was the commandant of the place, informed that captain Evans was there, than he ordered him to leave the place instantly, without permitting him to see his people, or go on board his ship. As this order was backed with a threat of imprisonment, in case of disobedience, capt. Evans was obliged to return to Havanna, where he remained until the 20th of June; when by his own, and the unceasing efforts of Mr. Gray, the late, and Mr. Hill, the present Consul, he procured an order for the restitution of the vessel and cargo.—When captain Evans got possession, he found one-third of the cargo (originally 180 puncheons of Rum,) had been plundered. The ship had been stripped of her boats, anchors, cables, and running rigging, with one half of her sails. In addition to all this, the master of the privateer had contracted a debt of about 900 dollars, which the commandant compelled captain Evans to satisfy, before he would permit him to depart. Many minor instances of the iniquitous conduct of the officers of the Spanish government are omitted. Enough is said, to shew to the public, the conduct of the officers who were bound in duty and honor, to afford the rights of hospitality and protection.

We hope and believe, that a representation of this case will be made to our government, from whom alone, redress for this and similar aggressions can be expected. It furnishes matter of surprize, that the merchants of this place, have not pursued the same measure, as the merchants of Charleston, published in this day's Ledger.

—

Arrived, ship Eliza, Evans, 11 days from Batavano.

British armed schooner Bellona, Wills, 4 days from Barbados.

Cutter Bullfrog, Vickery, 12 days from Porto-Rico. Left there ship Polly, Lauchon, sent in as a prize, not tried; brig Jane Hazard, New-York; brig Fame, Nagget, of Norfolk, to sail in 14 days; schooner Experiment, Cotton, of Baltimore, to sail in ten days; sloop Lucy-Ann, of Baltimore, arrived the day capt. Vickers sailed; schooner Two Brothers, ——, of Philadelphia, sailed for St. Thomas the same day. Flour 8 dollars; beef 11; pork 15; all dull.

Schooner Patsey, Cowper, 22 days from Antigua.

The ship Warren, 120 days from Calcutta, was spoke on Thursday, bound to Baltimore.

NATCHEZ, July 19.

COL. BUTLER.

The court martial ordered for the trial of col. Butler, convened at New Orleans on the 1st inst.

Col. Freeman presided in place of col. Hunt: the members were

Majors Porter and Nicholl.

Captains Sparks, R. Bissel, Still, D. Bissel, Bower, Strong, Cooper, Schuyler, Many and Fergus.

James Brown, esq. judge advocate.

Captain D. Turner, ordered as a member of the court martial, was objected to by the col.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of the first respectability to his friend in this city, dated

N. ORLEANS, 8th July, 1805.

"On the 6th instant col. Butler met the court martial with his defence on the charge of not cropping his hair—I was present and very much pleased with the col's. dignity; he is truly a worthy old soldier. His reasoning appeared conclusive, that the order was not only illegal and unconstitutional, but unwise in its nature and operation. I have been an soldier myself and know something of martial law, and were I to hazard an opinion it would be that the court martial must *acquit* because the order is not a *lawful* 'command.' The col. in his defence bore hard on gen. Wilkinson, whose character unfortunetely is not so fair that it will bear the test of criticn examination. His weakness and vanity, his unlimited desire to appear great, and his very despotical treatment to many officers, places the army in a very unpleasant situation with such a head.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22.

The following is the answer of Mr. Madison to the memorial and remonstrance of the South Carolina Insurance Company, relative to the violation of the laws of nations, by France, in capturing the ship Two Friends, and the predatory conduct of French privateers off Charleston bar.

Department of State, 10th July, 1805.

SIR,

I have received your letter of the 22d ult. inclosing the memorial of the insurance company of which you are President, and of the merchants and others, interested in the commerce of Charleston.

Having been before made acquainted by the Collector of the customs, with the circumstances of the capture of the Two Friends, I lost no time in stating it to the French Minister, who has replied, that the communication made to him respecting this affair, by the commissary of his nation at Charleston, had enabled him to anticipate my desires, by requesting the captains general of the French colonies, to all of whom he had written respecting it to obtain satisfaction for this violation of the convention between France and the U. States.

The observations contained in the memorial respecting the local situation, and the protection necessary for the port of Charleston and the adjacent coast, have been weighed by the President and in connection with the other information, will promote such measures as the nature of his functions and the existing laws and public good, may be thought proper to admit.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Very respectfully,
Your most obedient servant,
JAMES MADISON.

Thos. Corbett, Esq.

The heads of departments, or, according to Mr. Duane, the departments without heads, are at last coming in review before the national tribunal; and the grand inquisitor at the head of the Aurora, seems disposed to deal as *delicately* with Mr. Jefferson as though he were disposed to contest with him, whether Mr. Duane or his excellency be "the greatest man of the people."

The following extract is taken from yesterday's Aurora:

"Whether the support of all Mr. Dallas's projects or the selection of all his minions was the object of the *auspicious inauguration* of 1801," or not, the public, will determine; it is evident Mr. Dallas considers it as the sole object—whether "his merit on the score of service in the recent conflict," was such as to entitle *him to this* public prostration of the official patronage of the state, and *United States*, the public will judge; this we know, it has shaken the republican confidence to the centre, and that the upright and disinterested part of the community, *disgusted by his flagrant perversion of influence* to the malice, the meanness, and the vanity of an individual, inflated to a height that has made him giddy, have had their confidence destroyed, and deemed themselves degraded and insulted.

"This is a plain language; and it is the language of *truth*; which rarely penetrates the ear of authority from the mouths of courtiers, or from the tongues of men who sacrifice every interest that is not subservient to their private views of *future aggrandizement*."

(Fed. Gaz.)

The criminal court which has been sitting about six weeks, broke up to-day, after passing sentence on a great number of culprits. The notorious offender, Obadiah Williams, alias G. W. Randolph; alias John W. Thompson, was sentenced to death. *ibid.*

SAYING *versus* DOING.

"Let it be our endeavor as it is our interest and desire to cultivate the friendship of the belligerent nations, by every act of justice and innocent kindness; to merit the character of a just nation, and *maintain that of an independent one, preferring every consequence, to insult and habitual wrongs.*"

[Mr. Jefferson's message, Oct. 1803.]

What are these insults and wrongs to which any "*consequence*" is to be preferred? Are not our seamen daily impressed on board foreign vessels? Has not the national flag of our country been sent into a foreign port and degraded with the *Union downwards?* Have not our vessels been hostilely taken, carried into port and condemned? and are there not American seamen now in jail, as prisoners in Guadaloupe—Has not one of the national gun boats been assaulted, taken and carried into a Spanish port? And has not one of the principal ports of the United States been blockaded by foreign *shaving mills?* If all these can be answered in the affirmative, are they not '*insults and habitual wrongs!*'—and if so what are the "consequences" which have been risqued to remedy them? And what has been done to maintain the character of an *independent* nation? Let the president at Monticello, or Mr. Madison answer.

[*Columb. Cent.*]

AMUSING EXTRACT.—There is a very singular extract in Pliny, which I do not know whether it has ever been tried by the moderns; it is in the 32d book and 5th chapter;

"Democraticus says, let the tongue of a living frog be extracted, without permitting a particle of its other flesh to adhere to it, then throw it into water; after a short time take it out, and lay it on the breast of a woman asleep, on the spot where the palpitation of her heart is perceptible; whatever questions you then propose to her, she will answer to you truly."—What an easy and admirable mode is this of discovering the thoughts and affections of the coy, the coquetish, and gallant female? Little do they know the power of this key, which infallibly unlocks all the amorous secrets contained in their breasts! I might have made a fortune by advertising this valuable recipe, which effectually cured the vagaries of the Grecian ladies 2000 years ago. The ladies will be obliged, to me I expect, for putting them on their guard.

[Charleston Courier.]

For Norfolk and Charleston,

The Sloop Montezuma,
Job Palmer, Master;
Has good accommodations; will sail 25th or 26th instant. For freight or passage, apply to the Master on board, or to

Hewes and Miller.

August 22. d

Wanted to Purchase or Hire,

A SMART, active NEGRO BOY, for an *under Hostler*. Apply to the

PRINTER.

August 22. d3t

FOR SALE,

A handsome, full bred MARE,

Fit for the saddle, and runs half a mile with great speed.

Apply to the Printer.

August 22. d6t

Spring-Garden Theatre.

EIGHTH NIGHT.

The public are respectfully informed that a detachment of the Philadelphia Company purpose opening the Spring-Garden Theatre for 12 nights.

[NEVER ACTED HERE.]

On SATURDAY EVENING, will be presented a Celebrated COMEDY, called

The Soldier's Daughter.

Written by A. Cherry, of Drury Lane, and acted through out the United States with *unbounded applause.*

Governor Heartall,	Mr. M'Kenzie
Frank Heartall,	Mr. Wood
Malfort, sen.	Mr. Bluffett
Malfort, jun.	Mr. Cain
Ferret,	Mr. Taylor
Timothy Quaint,	Mr. Jefferson
Captain Woodly,	Mr. Poe
Simon,	Mr. Francis
Thomas,	Mr. Seymour
John,	Master Harris
The Widow Charly,	Mrs. Wood
Mrs. Malfort,	Mrs. Jefferson
Mrs. Fidget,	Mrs. Seymour
Mrs. Townly,	Miss Hunt
Susan,	Mrs. Francis
Julia Malfort,	Miss. Jefferson

End of the Comedy,

A HORNPIPE,

By Miss HUNT.

To which will be added, the FARCE

OF

FORTUNE'S FROLIC;

OR,

The True Use of Riches.

Robin Roughhead,	Mr. Jefferson
Snacks,	Francis
Mr. Frank,	Cain
Rattle,	Wood
Clown,	Master Harris
Villagers,	Mrs. Seymour, &c.
Miss Nancy,	Miss Hunt,
Dolly,	Mrs. Jefferson
Margery,	Francis.

The Doors to be opened at 6, and the performance to begin precisely at 7.

Admittance One Dollar.

☞ Tickets to be had at Mr. GADSBY's bar, and at the THEATRE.

☞ Should the weather prove unfavorable, the entertainments will be postponed until the first fair evening.

August 22.

DAVID JENKINS,

(TAILOR)

HAS REMOVED from King street to Royal street, a few doors from the coffee house; where he respectfully solicits a continuance of the custom of his friends and the public generally.

August 22. eo3t

TO BE RENTED,

The Store-House and Dwelling-House, on Fairfax-street, now occupied by *Thomas Brockus*, (taylor). Possession will be given the first of October next. For terms, apply to

Thomas Brockus.

August 22. eo3t§

A respectable number of Citizens of Fairfax county and others, having met at Wilcoxon's tavern, Fairfax court-house, on Monday, the 19th of August, 1805, pursuant to an adjournment of a former meeting, to take into consideration the propriety of the establishment of a BRANCH of the BANK of VIRGINIA, in said county, in the vicinity of the town of Alexandria:

THOMPSON MASON, *Chairman*,
and
CHARLES TYLER, jun. *Sec'y.*

THIS Meeting, being fully impressed with the many advantages to be derived from the establishment of a BANK in the vicinity of Alexandria—*Resolved*, That it is expedient to appoint a committee to draft a petition to the ensuing legislature of this state, praying for an increase of the capital of the Bank of Virginia, and the establishment of a Branch of said Bank in that part of Fairfax county, immediately adjacent to the town of Alexandria.

Resolved, That THOMPSON MASON, JOHN T. RICKETTS, RICHARD M. SCOTT, JAMES H. BLAKE, JAMES IRVIN, GEORGE GRAHAM, and HUMPHREY PEAKE, or a majority of them, be a committee for said purpose, and also a committee of correspondence and arrangement; whose duty it shall be to circulate petitions and correspond with such characters in the different counties, as will be likely to aid them in this desirable object.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this Meeting be published in the Alexandria newspapers.

THOMPSON MASON, *Chairman.*
CHARLES TYLER, jun. *Sec'y.*

August 21. eIW

FOR SALE,

IN PRINCE-WILLIAM COUNTY,

Neabsco Furnace, and its Appendages, with 4 or 5000 acres of Land adjoining,

NEAR the town of Dumfries, and within four miles of the Potomac. The soil is generally adapted to the produce of small grain—and, if too considerable for one purchaser, will be laid off in lots suitable for small farms. A description of the land is thought unnecessary, as those wishing to purchase will, no doubt, first view it. The payments required will be one-third cash, and the balance in two annual instalments, to be secured by a mortgage on the land, and no deed will be made until the last payment is complied with. Any person wishing to purchase, may know the terms by applying to Mr. *Thomas T. Page*, living near the premises; who is fully authorised by me, to sell the whole or any part.

John Tayloe.

Mount-Airy, August 12. d3m

N. B. A valuable *Mine Bank*, in Maryland, may be had with the Furnace.

LAND for SALE.

I have about 1000 acres of Land, equal to any in the state of Kentucky, lying near Lexington, which I will sell a great bargain; the title indisputable, and an old military one. The terms of the sale will be made low, and a very lengthy credit given on a considerable part of the purchase money. Those gentlemen who intend to settle in the state, and who wish to purchase, may find it their interest to call upon me. I have the certificate of the hon. *Judge Brackenridge*, Esq. and others, shewing the title, situation, quality, quantity and value of this property.

John Luke.

August 5. dtf

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVE RECEIVED,

A considerable addition to their stock, forming an extensive assortment of the best articles in their line of business.

—THEY HAVE FOR SALE—

Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga and Port, } *Wines of the first quality and in fine order.*

St. Estephe Medoc Claret, in cases of one and two dozen, Cognac Brandy, old Peach do. Jamaica and Antigua Rum, very old Jamaica Spirit, for family use, Continental Rum, 70 barrels Pennsylvania Rye Whiskey, old Irish Whiskey, Molasses.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Souchong } TEAS, *carefully chosen of the freshest and best qualities for family use.*

Philadelphia and Alexandria loaf and lump Sugars, Muscovado Sugars, Coffee, Tennessee and Upland Georgia Cotton, Rice, Mace, Nutmegs Cloves, Cassia, Pepper, Pimento, race and ground Ginger, Mustard, pearl Barley, Starch, Fig Blue, Flotant & Orleans Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Bees Wax, Hunter's pipes in boxes, Snuff in bladders and bottles, wrapping Paper, Havanna Segars, British Gunpowder, Patent Shot, Bar Lead, refined Saltpetre, Brimstone, Allum, Chalk, Soap, Mould and Dipt Candles, Demijohns, &c.

Mandeville & Jamesson.

August 10. d

SPANISH SEGARS.

Just received, and for Sale, a few Boxes

SPANISH SEGARS.

T. CRAVEN.

August 10. d

Just Received,

And for sale by the Subscriber,

1 case black taffeties
1 do. bandanoes, red and brown
20 barrels pork
Essence of spruce in jars
A large scale beam, bottoms and weights, complete.

JOHN G. LADD.

August 10. d

Just Published,

And for Sale by Cottom & Stewart,

A Key to Mystery of Iniquity

OR AN

Address to Men of Candor and lovers of Truth.

By JOHN WEST,

Of Fairfax County.

This work contains a compendium ecclesiastical history, accompanied with the author's reflections; proving *modern episcopacy* to be spurious, and human legislation in the Church to be usurpation, &c. &c.

May 3.

☞ The highest price given for clean Linen Rags, by the Printer.

☞ NOBLEY HERBERT has commenced the *Practice of the Law*, in the Circuit Court of Columbia—the District Court at Hay-Market—and the County Court of Fairfax.—He keeps his office next door to Messrs. Jonah Thompson and Son.

August 20. eo3t

NOTICE.

To be Sold, at Public Sale, on the 12th day of September,

TWO HOUSES, on Prince-street; the front house will suit very well for a store and dwelling house, having the advantage of a dry cellar where any kind of groceries may be kept in the winter season: The back house has three rooms, suitable for a small family—both houses have right to a 11 feet alley. The title is good, and the property is free from all encumbrance.

Robert Gordon.

August 17. eo3t

FOR SALE.

Five hundred acres of LAND, in the County of Alexandria, and five and a half miles from Alexandria and two from Georgetown, one moiety in Wood and part of that heavily timbered. It abounds in excellent water, and hath an extensive view of the neighborhood—from its proximity to the City, Georgetown and Alexandria, with the additional convenience of an abundance of wood, few farms within the District claim a pre-eminence. Upon the *First Monday in October*, I shall attend on the premises for the purpose of disposing of it, if not sold previous to that time. Should it be more accommodating to those (who wish a country residence during the sickly months,) I will divide it into ten and twenty acre LOTS. Any person wishing to view the Land, by an application to WILLIAM SNELLUM, who lives on it may be gratified.—My remoteness and the frequent depredations on the Wood and Timber, are the principal inducements to sell it, not more than one-fifth of the purchase money will be required, and a credit from two to three years will be given for the residue, security by a mortgage, and a forfeiture of the advanced monies, with interest on the sum unpaid, if not punctually and fully discharged.

G. CHAPMAN.

August 17. 2aw

IRISH WHISKEY.

The subscriber has on hand about 1500 gallons WHISKEY, made last Christmas from malted barley, which is of an excellent quality. It is now offered for sale to private families, by the gallon, at four shillings and six-pence, or by the barrel at four shillings and three-pence—at his house near the brewhouse.

THOMAS CRUSE.

Alexandria, August 1. dom

N. B. The few that have drank of this Whiskey give it the preference to Brandy. There is no doubt of its being a wholesome spirit. Its being manufactured in the town, should be a farther recommendation to the citizens.

FOR SALE,

Or to Let, for a Term of Years, or on Ground-Rent for ever,

Four valuable Lots, on the south side of King-street, between Fayette and Henry-streets; each lot fronting 20 feet on King-street, and running back 100 feet to a 12 feet alley.—The situation of this property is such (being in one of the most thriving parts of the town) as to make the possession of it very desirable to any person having money to purchase, more especially to dealers in country produce.

Also, for Sale,

A House and Lot, on the south side of King street, near Washington street, and opposite the store of Mr. James Bacon. This situation is equal to any in town for business.

Likewise to Let, for the term of ten years,

An half acre Lot on Duke and Pitt streets, most eligibly situated for a Garden or Clover Lot, for which purpose *only* it would be rented. As manure has been thrown up in heaps upon it for several years the ground cannot but be as rich as could be wished. For terms apply to Mr. *James Bacon*, on King, near Washington street, or to the subscriber, at Notley Hall opposite to Alexandria.

Thos. L. Washington.

N. B. To Hire by the month,

A very likely active BOY,

About 15 years old, who has from a child been accustomed to wait in the house, provided immediate application is made as above.

May 3 es

LANDS FOR RENT.

I will rent, of my estate in Caroline county, 5000 acres, for a term of 7 years. A considerable part of this land lies immediately on the Mattapony river, and will produce five barrels of corn per acre; 'tis generally in good condition for farming; the low grounds some of which are in meadow, and are perhaps equal to any in the state.

I will likewise Rent, for the same term,

Two thousand acres in the county of Orange, adjoining the Court-house. This land is well known for producing fine tobacco.—For further particulars enquire of

JOHN BAYLOR,

New-Market, near the Bowling Green.

July 9. 2aw6w

VALUABLE FAMILY *MEDICINES.*

Just received direct from the Patentees, and *FOR SALE BY*

JAMES KENNEDY, JUN.

DRUGGIST;

The following Valuable Medicines:

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Stomachel Bitters.

PREPARED BY

THOMAS H. RAWSON,

Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the most rapid sale of any Patent Medicine ever before discovered, and are justly appreciated for their singular and uncommon virtues for restoring weak and decayed constitutions, and all that train of complicated complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as *intermittant Fevers and Agues, long Autumnal Fevers, Dysenteries, &c.* They are also a very pleasant bitter for common use, and where they are known they have taken the place and superceded the use of all other bitters in public houses as well as in private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham Billious Pills.

THE great sale and increasing demand for these valuable pills for these twelve years past, bespeak their intrinsic worth. They have proved singularly efficacious in *Billious and Yellow fevers, Jaundice, Head Aachs, Dysenteries, Billious Cholic, Costiveness, Female complaints, &c.*

The very great demand and high esteem in which these pills are held throughout the United States and the West Indies, has induced many to counterfeit them; the purchaser is requested to observe that the name of Samuel Lee, jun. (the patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions, in his own hand writing, or they will not be genuine. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Itch Ointment.

A certain and safe application for that disagreeable complaint called the ITCH. Price 42 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti Billious Pills,

or, Family Physic.

The extraordinary celebrity these pills have gained, the universal demand for them and esteem in which they are held by medical men of the first eminence, are sufficient testimonials of their intrinsic worth. In great colds and sudden attacks of disorders, an early use of these pills often produces the happiest effects, and taken once in eight or ten days in cases of indigestion, headachs, dizziness, pains in the stomach and bowels, dysenteries, diarhœas, dropsies, &c. and a liberal use of my anti billious bitters in the intermediate time has relieved patients almost to a miracle—price 25 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste.

For the scurvy in the teeth and gums, and for whitening and preserving the teeth. It likewise takes off all disagreeable smells from the breath, which generally arises from scorbutic gums and bad teeth. This paste is much in use, and highly esteemed by all those who value the preservation of their teeth, it may be applied at all times with the greatest safety. It is neatly put up in pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Worm Powders.

A medicine which for efficacy and safety in its operation stands unrivalled. The most authenticated proofs and respectable authorities of its astonishing virtues, and surprising effects, in extreme and alarming cases of worms, may be seen at the place of sale. Price 50 cents a packet

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir:

Or Cough Drops,

For Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, spitting of blood, and all diseases of the *lungs*. Its merits stand unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.

Price 50 cents a box.

Hinkley's Infallible remedy for the Piles.

Price 50 Cents a Box.

Very particular directions accompanying each of these valuable medicines.

He has likewise for Sale,

A general assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Shop furniture and Vials; a few handsome Hall Lamps; Indian Shades; proof vials; Essence of Spruce; Patent Blacking; Madeira and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogsheads; Paints ground in oil; and a few barrels Flaxseed Oil, which he will sell on reasonable terms for cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit.

☞ A generous allowance will be made to those who purchase the above Medicines by the dozen

March 27. 2aw

For Freight to Baltimore,

THE SLOOP

HARRIOT,

Now lying at Col. Ramsey's wharf—will sail in all this week. For freight or passage apply to the master on board.

August 20. d3t

PUBLIC SALE.

On Saturday next, will be sold at the late dwelling of GEORGE HOOKES, *deceased, Prince-street,*

A VARIETY OF

GROCERIES,

Household & Kitchen Furniture, &c.

Philip G. Marsteller.

August 21.

Pickling Vinegar.

4 hogsheads Cider Vinegar of an excellent quality, by the barrel or gallon,

Fresh Tamarinds,

GROCERIES as usual.

Thomas Simms.

August 21. d3t

CAROLINE MILLS,

FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at public sale on the premises, on the 2d day of the 9th month, (September) next, a Merchant and country Mill, with 170 acres of land, on which are sufficient houses for the accommodation of millers and others; situate on the river Rappahannock, about two miles below the town of Port Royal, on a stream of water sufficient for three water wheels and four pair of stones, at almost all seasons of the year; is in the best wheat county perhaps in the state, where no competition can be dreaded, and is on tide water.

The Country Mill is nearly adjoining the other, has one overshot water wheel, and one pair of five feet Burr Stones, is surrounded by wealthy farmers, who have large families and it is known that the profits arising from this country Mill alone will more than pay the interest of the money, the whole is supposed to be worth, in short this whole property is thought by judges to be the most valuable of the kind in the state of Virginia, and is sold in consequence of the death of Aquila Janney, to enable the subscriber to close the concerns of the late partnership of Aquila and Elisha Janney.

Terms of sale will be one fourth in cash, or an aproved negociable note at sixty days; the balance in three equal payments, at six, nine and twelve months, bearing interest from the day of sale, and to be secured in such manner as may be determined on and made known at the time and place of sale.

ELISHA JANNEY,

Surviving Partner.

7th mo. 23. 2awtf

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers, of the county of Alexandria, in the District of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the estate of *William Wools*, late of the aforesaid county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the 6th day of February next, they may otherwise be by law excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands this 5th day of August, 1805.

Ann Wools, *Adm'x.*

Archibald M'Clesh, *Adm'r.*

August 6. 2aw2m

Forty Dollars *Reward,*

For apprehending and securing in any gaol in the United States, so that I get him again,

Negro ABNER;

HE is a stout, strong, and active fellow; understands plantation business well and is a good shoemaker; he is about 32 years old, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high; he has some old scars from a whip which he received seventeen years ago for running away; he has been my property ever since and I do not recollect that he has ever been corrected since, although often deserved it; he has a mother in Fauquier county, Virginia, the property of Mr. John Bronaugh, and I have been informed he was seen on the road enquiring for said place, with a pass setting forth that he was a free man, and my name affixed to some of them, all of which are forgeries; and I will give a farther reward of Forty Dollars to any person that will inform me of the person or persons guilty of the forgery, provided they are convicted of the same. The above slave went off 28th July, 1805.

THOMAS WEST,

One mile from Alexandria.

August 14. d

PRINTED DAILY, BY S. SNOWDEN.